

Ebike Community Advisory Committee

Meeting #3



November 12, 2019

Meeting Overview

- CAC Updates and Follow-up
- Presentation: Environmental and Physical Factors Relating to Ebikes
- Presentation: Watershed User Survey
- Meeting Outcomes
- Public Comment



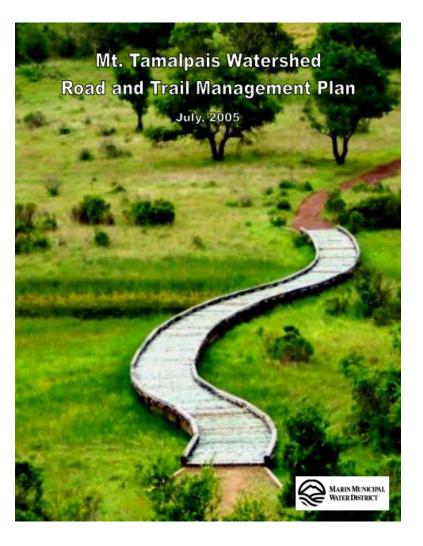


	Date	Meeting Description			
_	November 12, 2019	Ebikes and the physical, natural, cultural, and social			
		environment of Mt. Tamalpais; User survey discussion			
⇒	December 4, 2019	Ebike Demo			
	December 10, 2019	Ebike users in relation to other user groups; user survey			
		results			
	January 14, 2020	Safety issues associated with e-bikes			
	February 11, 2020	Regulation, enforcement protocols, and educational			
		opportunities			
	March 10, 2020	Pros/cons discussion of recommendations			
	April 14, 2020 Review final report and conclusion of the proc				



Environmental and Physical Factors

- What are Other Agencies Doing?
- >MMWD Board Policy 7
- Review of Roads and Trails Management Plan (RTMP)
- Overview of Physical and Environmental Considerations





Other Agencies Approaches

Is MMWD the only Bay Area agency with these questions? ... No.

- Marin County Parks
 - Class 1 & 2 on paved multi-use pathways
- Golden Gate National Recreation Area
 - Allowed on routes open to bicycles
- Santa Clara County Parks
 - Allowed on routes open to bicycles, no CEQA
- East Bay Regional Parks
- East Bay Municipal Utility District
 - No Ebikes allowed
- San Mateo County Parks
 - Class 1 & 2 allowed, Coast- & Bay-side
- Mid-Peninsula Open Space District
 - Ebikes currently prohibited except for those with mobility issues and only on trails where bicycles are authorized
 - Ebike policy to be discussed at Nov. 20th Board meeting
 - CEQA analysis anticipated



MMWD Board Policy 7

PART 1-General Use and Management of the Mount

Tamalpais Watershed

PART 2 - Biological Diversity

PART 3 - Erosion Control

PART 4 - Fire Management

PART 5 - Recreational Use

PART 6 - Watershed Commercial Use



Roads and Trails Management Plan

The District has the responsibility, and opportunity, to control the impacts of roads and trails on its watershed lands. The RTMP provides the District with management guidelines for implementing Best Management Practices and modern design and maintenance standards that help protect water quality and minimize erosion.



RTMP Goals

- 1. To improve water quality and minimize sediment into the creeks and reservoirs
- To reduce the impacts of the road and trail network on wetlands, riparian areas, other environmentally sensitive habitats and special status plant and animal spices; and
- To reduce the impact of the road and trail network on the Watershed's natural ecological function



RTMP Objectives

- 1. To make decisions regarding the existing road and trail network
- To implement Best Management Practices (BMPs) and Environmental Protection Measures in the upgrade and maintenance of the roads and trails in the watershed; and
- 3. To devise a system for managing all the roads and trails on the watershed.



RTMP Environmental Impact Report

EIR "Project" = MMWD's water quality/supply mission

- Passive recreational uses acknowledged, but not directly addressed.
 - Construction
 - Operations
 - Maintenance
- Analyses focused on:
 - Hydrology/Water Quality
 - Vegetation
 - Wildlife
- Other Resources:
 - Air Quality & Noise (construction)
 - Recreation (proposed trail/road closures)



RTMP Assumption

How do/would Ebikes relate to RTMP

- MMWD's primary role is steward of water quality and water supply in Watershed lands.
- RTMP's Work Plans & BMPs (i.e., implementation strategies) focus on improved/protected water quality.
- Passive recreational uses acknowledged, but not directly addressed:
 - Bicycles
 - Hiking/Running
 - Equestrian





- AB 1096, codified as Section 21207.5 of the California Vehicle Code
 - Ebikes (Classes 1 & 2) are classified as a "bicycle"
 - Bicycles are currently allowed on MMWD services roads (not trails).
 - MMWD decision: Does it concur with and accept the AB 1096 definition?
- MMWD can decide whether Ebikes may or may not fit the State's definition



Physical and Environmental Factors to Consider

Checklist of Physical and Environmental Factors

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

\Box	Aesthetics	\Box	Agriculture and Forestry Resources	\Box	Air Quality
	Biological Resources		Cultural Resources		Energy
	Geology /Soils		Greenhouse Gas Emissions		Hazards & Hazardous Materials
	Hydrology / Water Quality		Land Use / Planning		Mineral Resources
	Noise		Population / Housing		Public Services
	Recreation		Transportation/Traffic		Tribal Cultural Resources
	Utilities / Service Systems		Wildfire		Mandatory Findings of Significance



Physical and Environmental Factors to Consider

- Biological Resources
- Geology/Soils
- Hydrology/Water Quality
- Noise
- Recreation
- Transportation
- Air Quality
- Hazards and Hazardous Materials
- Cultural Resources



Considerations - Overview

The Challenge in Evaluating Physical and Environmental Factors:

- Very little technical work exists addressing the environmental effects of Ebikes.
- Very little technical work exists addressing the physical and/or environmental effects of mountain bikes.





Research Relating to Physical and Environmental Factors



Review and Best Practices

By Jeff Marion and Jeremy Wimpey

This article was originally published in Managing Mountain Biking: IMBA's Guide to Providing Great Riding (*icatalog/pintemodia*), a 256-page book produced by IMBA in 2007. The book offers an essential collection of best practices for planning, designing, and managing successful trail networks and parks. Managing Mountain Biking is a companion to IMBA's trailbuilding how-to book Trail Solutions.

> Mountain Biking: A Review of the Ecological Effects February 2010





Ebike Watershed User Survey

Purpose:

- Identify common watershed recreation user types and demographic information
- Assess common perceptions of current Ebike usages among different user groups
- Determine attitudes toward e-bike use
- Inform Ebike CAC's discussion relating to other user groups



Ebike Watershed User Survey

What the Survey Is and Is Not:

- The survey is not intended to be a scientific study of watershed recreation; it is intended to "take the temperature" of existing recreation attitudes towards Ebikes
- The survey is not going to provide statistically significant results; it is intended to provide general information to the Ebike CAC regarding other user's perceptions of Ebikes



Survey Overview

- Demographics and Recreation User Information
 - Basic demographics (name, location, age)
 - Typical watershed usage amount per month
 - Recreation usage type



Ebike Perceptions

- Familiarity with Ebikes
- Number of encounters with Ebikes
- Number of times riding an Ebike
- Preference for allowing Ebikes on <u>natural surface fire roads</u>



Attitudes toward Common Ebike Concerns

- Erosive potential to <u>natural surface</u> <u>fire roads</u>
- Potential for conflict with other user groups
- Safety issues
- Opportunities for greater user access
- Preference for Ebike licensing



User Survey Next Steps

- Nov. 12: Receive input from CAC members Revise questions based on CAC input
- Nov. 13: Provide survey link to CAC members and MMWD staff for distribution
- Nov. 13-Dec. 4: Participants fill out survey
- Dec. 4: Close survey
- Dec. 4-Dec. 9: Staff process results
- Dec. 10: Present survey results to CAC

